NOTES ON ISLAMIC MANUSCRIPTS RECENTLY ACQUIRED BY THE INDIA OFFICE LIBRARY¹

4634

Foll. 405. $9.4'' \times 6 \ 3'' (7.7'' \times 4.8''; 7.3'' \times 4.5''); 23 \& 27 lines: two hands, the first (foll. 1-76) a cursive Indian nasta'līq, the second a scholarly Persian ta'līq; rubrications; water-stained; dated, the first part, at Burhānpūr, 12 Rabi' ii, 1023/22 May 1614, the second part, 7 Rabi' ii <math>862/22$ February 1458. [Per.]

طفر نامه ZAFAR-NĀMAH

THE celebrated history of Tīmūr (771-807/1370-1404) and Khalīl Sulṭān (807-814/1404-1411), compiled first by Ibrāhīm Sulṭān, and then elaborated into its final form by Sharaf al-Dīn 'Alī "Sharaf" Yazdī (d. 858/1454) and completed in 828/1424-5. This copy was transcribed only four years after the author's death: it is preceded by the Iftitāḥ or Muqaddimah, a genealogical account of the Turkish Khāns with a history of Chingīz Khān and his successors, completed by Sharaf al-Dīn in 822/1419.

Beginning of Iftitāh (fol. 1 b):

افتتاح تاریخ جهانداری و ابتداء نامه طفر و بختیاری حمد و سیاس حضرت پادشاهی تواند بود الخ

⁽¹⁾ Supplements to Loth's and Ethé's catalogues of the India Office collections of Arabic and Persian manuscripts, down to the beginning of 1936, are already in preparation: a hand-list of the Islamic manuscripts acquired during 1936-1938 is being published shortly in the Journal of the Royal AsiaticSociety. The present article describes manuscripts acquired during the last five months, and may be followed from time to time by articles describing current accessions. The following are the principal abbreviations used:—

Ethé I. O. = H. Ethé, Catalogue of Persian manuscripts in the Library of the India Office (vol. i, 1903: vol. ii, 1937).

Storey=C. A. Storey, Persian Literature: a Bio-bibliographical Survey (in progress, 1927—).

H. Kh = Lexicon bibliographicum et encyclopædicum a Mustapha ben Abdallah Katib Jelebi dicto et nomine Haji Khalfa celebrato compositum (ed. G. Flügel, 1835-1858, 7 vols.).

IvASB=W. Ivanow, Concise descriptive catalogue of the Persian manuscripts in the Collection of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, (1924).

Brockelmann=C. Brockelmann, Geschichte der arabischen Litteratur (1898-1902, 2 vols.).

Brockelmann Suppl. = C. Brockelmann, Geschichte der arabischen Litteratur, Erster (Zweiter) Supplementband (1937-1938, 2 vols.).

1939 NOTES ON ISLAMIC MANUSCRIPTS RECENTLY ACQUIRED 441 BY THE INDIA OFFICE LIBRARY

Beginning of Zafar-nāmah (fol. 79 b):

حمد اكثيرا مباركا لمن يؤتى الملك من يشآء

Ethé I. O. 173.

Storey pp. 284-287.

H. Kh. iv 1758018.

4635

Foll. 283. 9.6"×6" (6.4"×3 7"); 25 lines in 4 columns; excellent, small calligraphic Persian nasta'liq; rubrications; gilt jadwals; water-stained in parts, some margins loose, otherwise well preserved; copyist, Lutf Allāh al-Kātib; dated, at Kāshgar, Sha'bān 854/ September 1450. [Per.]

مثنوي معنوي

MATHNAWI-I MA'NAWI

A good well-written copy of the famous spiritual Mathnawi of Maulana Jalal al-Din Muhammad b. Muhammad Rümi (d. 672/1273), in 6 daftars. This copy lacks the prose prefaces.

Daftar i (fol. 1b):

از جدائها شكايت كند

بشنو از نی چون حکایت کند

Daftar ii (fol. 47b):

مهلتي بايست تاخون شيرشد

مدتی این متنوی تاخیر شد

Daftar iii (fol. 88b):

این سیم دفتر که سنت شد سه بار

اى ضياء الحق حسام الدين بيار

Daftar iv (fol. 140b):

که گذشت از مه بنورت مثنوی

اى ضياء الحق حسام الدين توئي

Daftar v (fol. 182b):

طالب آغاز صفر (!) پنجم است

شه حسام الذين كدنور انجم است

Daftar vi (fol. 230b):

ميل ميجوشد بقسم سأدسي

اى حيات د ل حسام الدين بسي

Ethé I. O. 1060.

IvASB 490.

H. Kh. v 375¹¹³⁷⁰.

D-7

Foll. 127. $7.4''\times4.6''$ (5.8"×2.7"); 14 lines; clear Indian nasta'liq; thin blue paper; 19th century. [Per.]

تذكرة الأحوال

TADHKIRAT AL-AHWĀL

The well-known autobiography of Muhammad 'Alī " Hazīn " Iṣfahānī (1103-1180/1692-1766), down to the year 1154/1741. This copy was faithfully transcribed from F. C. Belfour's edition (London, 1831), and even preserves the date of impress.

Ethé I. O. 677.

IvASB 225.

Presented by me to the India Office Library.

4637

Foll. 99. $8'' \times 6''$ (5.8" \times 3"); 13 lines; excellent vocalised calligraphic naskh; rubrications; corrected; marginal notes, copious on foll. 4-8; on fol. 4a a note dated 19 Rajab 1212/7 January 1798; late 18th century. [Arab.]

كتاب الشائل

KITĀB AL-SHAMĀ'IL

A systematic collection of Traditions illustrating the character of the Prophet, by Abū 'Isā Muḥammad b. 'Isā b. Sahl (or Saurah) al-Tirmidhī (d. 279/892). In the present copy the title is inscribed as Shamā'il al-Muṣṭafā, and an index is prefixed.

Beginning (fol. 4b):

الحمد تد وسلام على عباده الذين اصطفى الخ

Brockelmann i 162, Suppl. i 268-269.

H. Kh. iv 707640.

Presented by me to the India Office Library.

4638

Foll. 151. $7.8'' \times 5.4''$ (5.6" $\times 3.1''$); 19 lines; clear Syrian naskh; rubrications; some marginal corrections and additions; 18th century. [Arab.]

محث المطالب وحث الطالب

BAHTH AL-MAŢĀLIB WA-HATHTH AL-ŢĀLIB

A grammar of the Arabic language, by Jabrā'īl b. Farḥāt of Aleppo, a Maronite Christian and sometime Bishop of Aleppo (d. 1732). This copy 7*

appears to have been transcribed in the early part of the 18th century, not long after the work was composed (1705): for a detailed description, see Ahlwardt 6792. The grammar was printed at Malta in 1836, and several times at Beirut.

Beginning:

الجمد تله الذي أصلح بكلمته الأنفس المختلة النح

Brockelmann Suppl. ii 389.

4639

Foll. 51. $8.3'' \times 6.7''$ ($6.1'' \times 3.6''$); 18 lines; good vocalised maghribi; headings in red, green and blue; jadwals; 18th century. [Arab.]

تحفة الحكام TUḤFAT AL-ḤUKKĀM

A poem in 1618 rajaz-verses on the principles of Mālikī jurisprudence, by Abū Bakr Muḥammad b. Muḥammad "Ibn 'Āṣim " al-Qaisī, Vizier of Granada (793/1391) under Yūsuf II (d. 829/1426). This curious work was published with a French translation by O. Houdas and F. Martel between 1883 and 1893, and editions have frequently appeared at Cairo and Fez.

Beginning:

الحمد لله الذي يقضي و لا يقضي عليه جل شأناً وعلا

Brockelmann ii 264, Suppl. ii 375. H. Kh. ii 226²⁵⁷⁷.

4640

Foll. 11. 11.2"×9.1" (7.9"×5.7"); 8-9 lines; fine modern calligraphic naskh; gilt jadwals; fine medallion on fol. 1a, exquisite sarlwhs on foll. 1b, 2a; copyist, William Morley; dated, at London, 10 October 1840. [Arab.]

شعر لقيط

SHI'R LAQIT

Two poems by Laqīṭ b. Ya'mar al-Iyādī, a pre-Islamic poet of Mesopotamian descent, with an anonymous commentary, preceded by a genealogical note by Hishām b. al-Kalbī. The contents of this manuscript are identical with those of Ahlwardt 7479, but it is of unique interest as being a magnificent example of naskh calligraphy as practised by an Englishman. The volume was written for William Cureton, the well-known Semitic scholar, editor of Shahrastānī's Kitāb al-Milal wa'l-Niḥal and author of

numerous valuable works on Syriac and Arabic philology, who was born at Westbury in Shropshire in 1808 and died in 1864. The flyleaf bears the following note of presentation: "Gulielmo Cureton, hunc librum carminum toû Lakít al Iyádí, in amicitiæ testimonium, d.d. Gulielmus Morley, exarator." William Hook Morley, the calligraphist of this remarkable manuscript, was born about 1815, studied for the legal profession, and was called to the Bar in 1840: he was an eminent oriental scholar and an authority on Indian law, and was Librarian of the Royal Asiatic Society in 1859, but died the following year. When this manuscript was written Morley was only 25 years of age, and it is most astonishing that he should then already have so successfully mastered the technique of Arabic calligraphy to the point of being able to write a volume which can bear comparison with the products of all but the most celebrated of Arab calligraphers. The title-page is written in thulth, the text in naskh, and the colophon in shikastah.

Title-page:

ديوان شعرلقيط بن يعمر الايادى وخبره رواية هشام بنالكابي

Beginning:

قال هشام بن الكلبي كانت ايادبن نزار الخ

Brockelmann i 27, Suppl. i 55.

4641

Foll. 152. $10'' \times 7.1''$ (8.4"×6"); 19-22 lines; irregular, largely unpointed cursive Persian ta'liq; a few rubrications; some marginal additions; worm-eaten and water-stained in parts; copyist, Muḥammad b. Niẓam al-Din b. Muhammad 'Ibn Niẓām '; dated 17 $\underline{Dh}\bar{u}'$ l-Hijjah 889/5 January 1485. [Per.]

قصة ابو مسلم

QIŞŞAH-I ABÜ MUSLIM

A romantic history of the adventures of Abū Muslim b. Asad b. Junaid al-Marwazī, the leader of the revolutionary anti-Umaiyad movement in Khorasan, and of his ultimate death in 137/755. This romance is based on the legends ascribed to Abū Ṭāhir Ṭarasūsī (or Ṭūsī), who is represented as the authority for numerous similar heroic accounts of Persian champions, such as the Dārāb-nāmah, Qahramān-nāmah, etc., see Encyclopædia of Islam, i 108. The author of this compilation gives his name as Ibn Nizām, and this copy is therefore an autograph, and in fact the manuscript bears all the signs of being an author's original draft. Blochet, in describing the only other copy of this work hitherto reported, gives as the name of the author "uncertain Taher Keurgueuzi," on the

1939 NOTES ON ISLAMIC MANUSCRIPTS RECENTLY ACQUIRED 445 BY THE INDIA OFFICE LIBRARY

basis of the following verse occurring in the author's introduction (in the present copy, fol. $4a^5$):—

In fact, however, the author gives his name two lines previously:—

Presumably Țāhir Kūrkuzī is to be identified with Abū Țāhir Țarasūsī, who is mentioned immediately afterwards (fol. 4a9):—

Beginning:

Blochet 2064.

Other versions of the Abū Muslim legend are contained in Blochet 4062, 4063, 4065, Āṣafīyah i, 236432, Bankipore 1st Suppl. 1760.

4642

Foll. 18. 8 $5'' \times 6.1''$ ($7'' \times 4.2''$); 19 lines; inelegant Indian $ta'l\bar{t}q$; rubrications; corrections and additions; damp-stained; 18th century. [Per.]

نباب الحساب

LUBĀB AL-HISĀB

A short treatise on arithmetic, by 'Abd al-Karīm b. Maḥmūd, based on the Khulāṣat al-ḥisab of Bahā' al-Dīn Muḥammad b. Ḥusain al-'Āmilī (d. 1030/1621), and on various commentaries written thereon, composed with the assistance of the author's own teacher, 'Abd al-Raḥīm Bījāpūrī. The book was planned to consist of a muqaddimah and 8 abwāb, but the present manuscript appears to contain only the muqaddimah. Bahā' al-Dīn 'Āmilī's arithmetic was a very popular book, and numerous commentaries upon it are extant (Brockelmann ii 415, Suppl. ii 596). An anonymous Persian translation of the work is described in the Bankipore catalogue (No. 1032): of the present adaptation no other copy appears to be recorded, and this copy may be an autograph.

Beginning:

الحمد قه رب العلميناما بعد ميكويد كترين عباد الله المعبود عبد الكريم بن مجمودكه علم حساب علمي استكه بيشتر از علوم ديگر بسوى او مفتقر اند نام اين رساله لباب الحساب في ترجمة خلاصة الحساب نهادم و مرتب شد بريك مقدمه و هشت باب النخ

Foll. 10. $9.8'' \times 6.3''$ ($8'' \times 4''$); 15-19 lines; cursive Indian nasta'liq; marginal headings in Gujarati; early 19th century. [Per.]

اخبار

AKHBĀR

A short diary, beginning on 8 October 1816 and ending on 5 December 1817.

Beginning:

4644

Foll. 109. 10.7" \times 7.7" (8" \times 4.6"); 27 lines; excellent Turkish naskh; collated; rubrications; margins ruled; 18th century. [Arab.].

A valuable and highly interesting collection of controversial works relating to the mystical theosophy of Muhyi al-Din Ibn 'Arabi (d. 638/1240).

NI'MAT AL-DHARÎ'AH FÎ NUŞRAT AL-SHARÎ'AH

Beginning:

Brockelmann ii 432; Suppl. i 794, ii 643.

H. Kh. vi 36213890, iv 4299073

TASFĪH AL-GHABĪ FĪ TANZIH IBN 'ARABĪ

Foll. 40b-49a. A supplement to the preceding work, by the same al-Halabi, composed in 945/1538 in detailed answer to the defence of

Ibn 'Arabī contained in the Tanbīh al-ghabī bi-tanzīh Ibn 'Arabī of Jalāl al-Dīn al-Suyūṭī (d. 911/1505, see Brockelmann i, 448, Suppl. ii 195274c).

Beginning:

الحمد لله الذي بنعمته تتم الصالحات وبعد فقد ذيلت ماعلقته على كتاب الفصوص بما ذكرته اجوبة لفتوى السيوطى المساة تنبيه الغيى بتنزيه ابن عربي اليخ

Brockelmann Suppl. i 802 (where the tract is stated to be anonymous). H. Kh. ii 2882978.

(3)

فتوى FATWĀ

Fol. 49b. A responsum given by Shaikh al-Islām Sa'dī Efendī Ḥamīd b. Muḥammad al-Qasṭamūnī al-Qōnawī (d. 985/1577) to a question relating to the validity of claims to publish a certain book (i.e., Ibn 'Arabī's Fuṣūṣ al-ḥikam) on the authority of a vision of the Prophet during sleep. Shaikh Sa'dī rejects the claim. The fatwā is presumably extracted from the author's collected responsa entitled al-Fatāwā al-Ḥamīdīyah.

Beginning:

ما يقول السادة العلماء اثمة الدين و هداة المسلمين في هذه المسائل في كتاب بين اظهر الناس يزعم مصنفه الخ

Brockelmann ii 434, Suppl. ii 645.

(4)

Foll. 50a-51b 14. A short reply, without title, by one Muḥammad b. al-Saiyid Fadl Allāh al-Ḥusainī to a treatise by a certain Aḥmad b. Kamāl in defence of Ibn 'Arabī.

Beginning:

الحمد لله الواجب الوجود و بعد فيقول محمد بن السيد فضل الله الحسيني انى رأيت رسالة لعلامة الروم احمد بن كمال تجاوز عن همواته الله المتعال في تنزيه ابن عربي الذي لا شك في زندقته الخ

Not in Brockelmann?

الرد والتشنيع على كتاب الفصوص (5)

AL-RADD WA'L-TASHNĪ' 'ALĀ KITĀB AL-FUŞŪŞ

Foll. 51b 15-72b. A polemical treatise attacking the Fuṣūṣ al-ḥikam, by the well-known Mas'ūd b. 'Umar Sa'd al-Dīn al-Taftazānī (d. 791/1389).

الحمد فه المتعالى عمايقول الظالمون علوا كبيرا النخ

Brockelmann i 443, Suppl. i 794.

MARTABAT AL-WUJŪD WA-MANZILAT AL-SHUHŪD

Foll. 73a-102a ¹¹. A tract by 'Alī b. Sulṭān Muḥammad al-Qāri' al-Harawī (d. 1014/1605) attacking Ibn 'Arabī's theosophical system and especially the Fuṣūṣ al-ḥikam.

Beginning:

الحمد نقه الذي اوجدالاشياء شرها وخبرها الخ

Brockelmann i 443, Suppl. ii 540.

H. Kh. iv 430 9072.

(7) in (7)

FATĀWĀ

Foll. 102a ¹²-104b. A small collection, compiled by 'Abd al-Latif b. 'Abd Allāh al-Su'ūdī (d. 736/1335, see Brockelmann ii 9) of responsa on the subject of Ibn 'Arabī's heretical tendencies as exhibited in his Fuṣūṣ al-ḥikam.

Beginning:

الحمد نقد رب العالمين قال الفقير الى الله تعالى عبد اللطيف بن عبد الله السعودى هذه مقدمات الفتاوى وما اوجب ذلك من الكتاب والسنة ظاهرة لأهل البصائر والفطنة وما اجاب به السادة العلماء التابعون بخاتم الأنبياء من تكفير صاحب الفصوص النخ

Not in Brockelmann.

RISĀLAH FĪ ĪMĀN FIR'AUN

Foll. 105a-107b ¹¹. Taqī al-Din Abū 'l-'Abbās Aḥmad b. 'Abd al-Ḥalīm b. 'Abd al-Ṣalām "Ibn Taimīyah" al-Ḥarrānī, the famous Ḥan-balite theologian (d. 728/1328) is asked whether in his view there is any sanction in Qur'ān or ḥadīth for the doctrine that Pharaoh became a believer, and replies in the negative.

الحمد تله رب العالمين ما تقول السادة العلماء رضى الله عنهم فى قول فرعون الحواب الحمد تله كفر فرعون وموّته كافرا وكونه من اهل النار وهو مما علم بالا ضطرار من دين المسلمين النخ

Not mentioned in Brockelmann.

نتيجة التوفيق والعون في الرد على القائلين بصحة ايمان فرعون (و)

NATĪJAT AL-TAUFĪQ WA'L-'AUN FĪ'L-RADD 'ALĀ 'L-QĀ'ILĪN BI-ṢIḤḤAT IMĀN FIR'AUN

Foll. 107b ¹²-109b. A tract attacking the doctrine that Pharaoh became a believer, completed on 16 Muḥarram 1103/9 October 1691 by Badrān b. Aḥmad al-Khalīlī.

Beginning:

الحمد لله الذي دعا عباده كافة على ألسنة رسله الى دار السلام.....و بعد.....فلما رأيت بعض علماء العصر ممن اتبع الضعيف من الاختلافجزم با يمان فرعون النخ

Not mentioned in Brockelmann.

4645

(1) Foll. 1-106. 11 8"×7.8" (8.1"×4.7"); 27 lines; excellent vocalised maghribī; rubrications; slightly worm-eaten; marginal notes; early 18th century. [Arab.]

المنح البادية في الأسانيد العالية والمسلسلات الزاهية والطرق الهادية الكافية

AL-MINAH AL-BĀDIYAH FĪ 'L-ASĀNĪD AL-'ĀLIYAH WA'L-MUSALSALĀT AL-ZĀHIYAH WA'L-ŢURUQ AL-HĀDIYAH AL-KĀFIYAH

A unique copy of an interesting and highly valuable work by Abū 'Abd Allāh Muḥammad b. 'Abd al-Raḥmān b. 'Abd al-Qādir (according to Brockelmann, 'Abd Allāh) al-Fāsī (d. 1134/1722), in which the author, a Ṣūfī, enumerates the isnāds of all the books studied by him, with the names of his various teachers, followed by a similar list of the different Ṣūfī ṭarīqahs. This work was utilised by Abū 'l-Ḥasan Aḥmad b. Muḥammad al-Bābilāwī (fl. 1317/1899) in his al-Anwār al-sanīyah (see Brockelmann Suppl. ii 703).

الحمد فقد الذي رفع حجاب الغفلة عن قلوب اصفيائه اما بعد فيقول العبد المذنب القامي مجد بن عبد الرحمن بن عبدالقادر الفاسي هذه بعض الأسانيد لبعض التآليف العلمية الع

Fol. 2a

القسم الاول في اسانيد التآ ليف العلمية

Fol. 43a

القسم الثاني في المسلسلات

Fol. 75b

القسم الثالث في كتب التصوف وطريق القوم وأسانيد هم

Fol. 97a

خاتمة في لبس الخرقة وتلقين الذكر

End:

انك حميد مجيد وصلى الله على سيد نا محمد السي الأمى السيد الكامل و سلام على المؤمنين و الحمد فله رب العالمين

A note on the margin of fol. 106b, in the hand of 'Alī b. Muḥammad al-'Arabī b. 'Alī al-Saqqāt, states that he finished reading this book with his teacher, i.e., Shaikh 'Umar b. 'Abd al-Salām, on 25 Jumādā, ii 1137/11 March 1725: numerous marginal notes throughout the volume confirm this, while on fol. 43a there is a marginal note in the same hand dated Rajab 1160/July 1747.

The text is followed by a number of $ij\bar{a}z\bar{a}t$, (1) by Muḥammad b. 'Abd al-Raḥmān al-Fāsī himself, dated 26 Jumādā ii 1127/29 June 1715 in authorisation of the aforementioned 'Umar b. 'Abd al-Salām, transcribed from the original, fol. 107a; (2) by Abū'l-'Abbās Aḥmad b. al-Saiyid al-'Arabī b. Sulaimān al-Andalusī, on behalf of the same, dated 18 Jumādā ii 1127/21 June 1715, transcribed from the original, fol. 107b; (3) an autograph authorisation of 'Umar b. 'Abd al-Salām Lūqas himself on behalf of 'Alī al-Saqqāṭ aforementioned, dated 1 Rajab 1137/16 March 1725, fol. 108a; (4) another authorisation of the same for the same, in another hand, dated Jumādā ii 1143/December 1730, fol. 109a; (5) a note in the hand of 'Alī al-Saqqāṭ, testifying to the authorisation of 'Umar b. 'Abd al-Salām, and giving his own list of isnāds, fol. 110a.

Foll. 111-115 are blank.

(2) Foll. 116-122. 11.8"×8" (8.9"×5.2"); 28-38 lines; cursive maghribī; rubrications; marginal notes; copyist, 'Alī b. Muḥammad al-'Arabī b. 'Alī al-Saqqāṭ; dated Dhū 'l-Qa'dah 1160/November 1747. [Arab.]

A general ijāzah issued by 'Abd al-Raḥmān b. 'Abd al-Qādir al-Fāsī (the father of the author of the above work) on behalf of his father, 'Abd al-Qādir b. 'Alī b. Yūsuf al-Fāsī, in favour of all his pupils, including his sons 'Abd al-Raḥmān (the author of this ijāzah) and Muḥammad, authorising them to teach the works which they had studied with him, and detailing

his own chains of transmission. The copyist transcribed this authorisation from an original in the hand of his father, Muhammad al-'Arabī b. 'Alī al-Saqqāţ, dated 3 Shauwāl 1082/2 February 1672.

Not mentioned in Brockelmann.

4646

Foli. 32. 11.2"×8.6" (9.2"×6.2"); 31 lines; clear old maghribī; rubrications; marginal notes; water-stained; foll. 26b-32 a later supply; 14th century. [Arab.]

A collection of 4 works by the celebrated Sūfī theologian Abū 'Abd Allāh al-Ḥārith b. Asad al-Muḥāsibī (d. 243/837).

شرح المعرفة وبدل النصيحة

SHARH AL-MA'RIFAH WA-BADHL AL-NASİHAH

Foll. 1b-6a²⁴. A treatise on self-knowledge and the ten characteristics of spiritual perfection, untitled in this copy, which represents a recension different from the usual.

Beginning:

اعلم رحمنا الله و اياك ان العباد لا يصلح لهم الحياء من الله الا بالمراقبة له و المراقبة هي بأب المعرفة بالله تعلى وهي فرض من الله على العباد النخ

Fol. 2b

باب معرفة الله تعلى

Fol. 3a

باب معرفة نفسك

Fol. 3b

باب معرفة العمل و اخلاصه

End:

فاجعل يا انبى هذا الكتاب نصب عينيك في احوالك كلها فلم اترك شيئاً من النصيحة الا وقد بذلته والسلام عليك والرحمة والبركة ولاحول ولا قوة الا باقه العلى العظيم وصلى أقه على سيد نا مجد وعلى آله وصحبه وسلم تسليما

Brockelmann i 198, Suppl. i 352.

AHKĀM AL-TAUBAH

Foll. $6a^{25}$ - $9a^{22}$. A tract on penitence and pious conduct, entitled in the colophon Kitāb al-Taubah wa-radd al-mazālim. Only one other rather modern copy of this work is recorded.

كتاب احكام التو بة ورد مظالم العباد والخلاص منها قبل الميعاد تاليف ابن عبداللهالمحاسبي رحمه الله تعلى اعلم ان التو بة من الذنوب فريضة من الله تعلى النخ

End:

و بالجملة ان كل ما تو اعد الله و رسوله عليه النار فهى كبيرة مثل الكذب على الله و رسوله وكذلك الاصرار على صغار الذنوب كبيرة وكذلك السحركل ذلك من الكبائر

Brockelmann Suppl. i 353.

KITĀB AL-MUSTARSHID

Foll. $9a^{23}$ -12 b^{7} . Rules of right behaviour. Only one other rather modern copy of this work is recorded.

Beginning:

الحمد لله الاول القديم الواحد الجليل الذي ليس له سبيه ولا نظير اعلم ان الله تبرك وتعلى اصطفى من عباده المؤمنين ذوى الألباب وهم اهل العقول النخ

End:

الرقة على وجهين تكون الرقة بالبكاء وتكون بالرأفة والرحمة وإذ لم يكن بكاء وهذه اقوال اهل المشاهدة وبالله التوفيق ولا حول ولا قوة الابالله العلى العظيم

Brockelmann Suppl. i 353.

KITĀB AL-NAŞĀ'IH

Foll. 12b/8-32b. A book of religious counsels: this copy appears to be imperfect, and is inflated in the latter part, thus there is a quotation from Abū Ḥāmid al-Ghazzālī (d. 505/1111) on fol. 31a.

Beginning:

الحمد فله الأول قبل كل شيء والحالق له والحمد فله الآخر بعد كل شي ، والوارث له ... اما بعد فقد انتهى الينا ان هذه الأمة تفترق على بضع وسبعين فرقة النخ

Brockelmann Suppl. i 352.

Foll. 55. $10'' \times 6.8''$ (8.1" $\times 5''$); 27 lines; clear Persian naskh; rubrications; water-stained; copyist, Amin al-Din Muhammad al-Samarqandi; dated 8 Dhu 'l-Hijjah 862/17 October 1458. [Arab.].

ط ق الوسائل وتملق السائل

TURUQ AL-WASĀ'IL WA-TAMALLUQ AL-SĀ'IL

A treatise, in an unnumbered collection of fusul, of Sufism and ethics by 'Izz al-Dīn 'Abd al-Salām b. Aḥmad "Ibn Ghānim" al-Maqdisī al-Wā'iz (d. 678/1279). Each fași is complete in itself, and contains a separate meditation on a distinct subject: there are numerous passages of original verse.

Beginning:

الحمد لله الذي ضرب للناس الامثال وتقدس عن المثيل والتمتال الخ

Brockelmann Suppl. i 809.

4648

Foll. 38. 9 $6'' \times 7''$ $(7.8'' \times 4.9'')$; 21 lines; scholarly Egyptian naskh; a few rubrications; marginal corrections; water-stained; 14th century. [Arab.].

كتاب ااز هد

KITĀB AL-ZUHD

A large fragment of a very rare* work on abstemiousness as exemplified in the lives of the Prophets, by Ahmad b. Muhammad b. Hanbal (d. 241/855), the celebrated traditionist and founder of the Hanbali school. This copy, which is bound up in some disorder (foll. 29-38 should follow fol. 8) and is incomplete, contains an introductory isnād in which the earliest date mentioned is 443/1051 and the latest 708/1308. The following headings occur:-

Fol. 11b	زهدسلیان
Fol. 12b	ز هد ايوب
Fol. 15a	زهدآدم
Fol. 16a	قصة لقان
Fol. 17a	قصة نوح

^{*} We understand that the work has been published recently.— Ed. I. C.

Fol. 19a

من مواعظ عیسی

Fol. 22b

اخبار موسى

Fol. 27b

زهد دا وُد

Beginning:

اخبرنا الشيخ الحليل العدل ناصر الدين ابو عبدا لله محد بن يوسف بن محمد بن عبد الله الد مشقى الشافعي عرف بأبن المهتار قراءة عليه و نحن نسمع في شهو رسنة ثمان وسبع مائة قيل له اخبركم الشيخ الامام الثقة تقى الدين ابو محمد عبدالرحمن بن ابى الفهم بن عبد الرحمن اليلد انى العباسى ثنا ابو القاسم يحيى بن اسعد بن يحيى بن بوش التاجر عن ابى طالب عبدالقادر بن محمد بن يوسف اليوسفى ثنا ابو على الحسن بن على بن محمد بن على بن المذهب قراءة عليه فى شهر ربيع الاول سنة ثلاث واربعين واربعا ثة ثنا ابو بكر احمد بن جعفر بن حمدان بن مالك القطيعي ثنا ابو عبد الرحمن عبدالله بن احمد بن محمد بن حنبل بن هلال بن اسد بن عبدالله بن احمد بن عمل بن المحمد بن حنبل بن هلال بن اسد بن المحمد بن المحمد بن مطوف عن زيد بن السلم عن عطاء بن يسار عن ابى هر يرة عن النبى صلى الله عليه وسلم قال من عدا الى المسجد او راح اعد الله عز وجل له في الحنة نز لا كلماعدا و راح الخ

Brockelmann i 183, Suppl. i 310. H. Kh. v 91¹⁰¹⁶².

4649

(1) Foll. 1-30. 9.3"×6 7" (6.8"×5"); 25 lines; clear maghribī; headings in red and yellow; original text in red; copyist, Ahmad b. Ahmad b. Abī'l-Qāsim b. al-Qāḍī al-Tāsi'ī; dated 7 Rajab 1250/9 November 1834. [Arab.]

شرح القواعد

SHARH AL-QAWĀ'ID

A commentary, by Muhammad b. 'Abd al-Raḥmān al-Azharī al-Ba'lawī, on a short treatise by 'Abd Allāh b. 'Abd Allāh al-Azharī al-Rifāwī on the duties of the <u>shaikh</u> of a Ṣūfī tarīgah.

Beginning:

الحمدقة وحده المطهر اهل البصائر ... قال العبد ... عبدالله بن عبد الله الملقب بالرفاوى الازهرى ... الحمد لله رب العالمين والعاقبة للتقين والصلاة و السلام على سيدنامجد واله وسلم الجمعين ش يعنى ان قال فعل ماض ومعناه المضارع النخ

Brockelmann Suppl. ii 996.

(2) Foll. 29-59. 9.3"×6.9" (7.4"×4.9"); 26 lines; rather thick maghribī; rubrications; damp-stained; 17th century. [Arab.]

نظرة التذكرة ونهزة التبصرة

NAZRAT AL-TADHKIRAH WA-NUHZAT AL-TABŞIRAH

A practical guide to the Ṣūfī life, by Abū 'Abd Allāh Muḥammad b. Muḥammad b. Aḥmad al-Anṣārī al-Sāḥilī al-Mālaqī al-Mu'ammam (d. 754/1253, see Brockelmann ii 265, Suppl. ii 378), in 5 abwāb.

Beginning:

الحمدلله الذي فيه الفطر السليمة من سنة استغراقها ... اما بعدا يها الاخ الذي طهرت عليه علامات التوفيق والانابه الخ

باب الذكروبيا نه Fol. 32b

باب مفتاح الاسلام

باب مفتاح الأيمان Fol. 38b

باب الرابع في مفتاح الاحسان

No other copy appears to be recorded.

(3) Foll. 60-65a. 9.2" × 6.9" (6.9" × 4.8"); 24 lines; small, clear maghribī; rubrications; damp-stained; copyist, Muḥammad al-'Arabī b. Muḥammad b. 'Abd al-'Azīz b. Muḥammad b. Muḥammad b. al-Ḥājj; dated Shauwāl 1038/ May 1629. [Arab.]

نصرة الفقير في الرد على إبن الحسن الصغير

NUṢRAT AL-FAQĪR FĪ 'L-RADD 'ALĀ ABŪ 'L-ḤASAN AL-ṢAGHĪR

A controversial tract by Abū 'Abd Allāh Muḥammad b. Yūsuf al-Ḥasanī al-Sanūsī (d. 892/1486 or 895/1489) refuting the doctrine on matters of Ṣūfī practice of Abū 'l-Ḥasan al-Ṣaghīr al-Miknāsī (d. 719/1319) completed at Tlemsen in 865/1461.

Beginning:

قال امامع وقبل وبعدفاني رأيت الهمم قاصرة عن الله تعلى اليخ

Brockelmann ii 251, Suppl. ii 356.

(4) Foll. 65b-67a. Details as for preceding item.

الجوهرة

AL-JAUHARAH

A maqşūrah consisting of pious counsels, by Abū Zakarīyā Yaḥyā b. Zakarīyā al-Yaurāsī.

Beginning:

Not mentioned in Brockelmann or H. Kh.

(5) Foll. 67b-99a. Same details.

TAMHĪD QAWĀ'ID AL-TAṢAUWUF WA-UṢŪLIH

A series of maxims, in sections called قاعدة, setting forth the general principles of Ṣūfism, by Shihāb al-Dīn Abū 'l-'Abbās Aḥmad b. Aḥmad '' Ibn Zarrūq'' al-Burnusī al-Fāsī (d. 899/1493).

Beginning:

Brockelmann ii 253, Suppl. ii 361.

(6) Foll. 99b-100b. Same details.

رسالة في الطرق

RISĀLAH FĪ 'L-ŢURUQ

A brief tract on the mystical approaches to God, by Najm al-Dîn Kubrā Aḥmad b. 'Umar al-Khīwaqī (d. 618/1221).

Beginning:

rockelmann i 440, Suppl. i 787.

H. Kh. iii 418 6222.

(1) Foll. 1-88. 8"×5.8" (6.2"×4.1"); 25 lines; clear, regular Syrian naskh; rubrications; dated Sha'bān 1205/ April 1791. [Arab.]

BAHJAT AL-NĀZIRĪN ILĀ TARĀJIM AL-MUTA'A<u>KHKH</u>IRĪN MIN AL-<u>SH</u>ĀFI'ĪYAT AL-BĀRI'ĪN

Biographies of later Shāfi'ī theologians, by Raḍī al-Dīn Muḥammad b. Shihāb al-Dīn Aḥmad "Ibn al-Ghazzī" al-'Āmirī al-Dimashqī (d-864/1460), begun in 839/1435. This copy was transcribed from a manuscript which had itself been copied from the author's autograph. The work is very rare, and the only other copy recorded is a photographic facsimile in Cairo: it is of great biographical interest, since the author confines himself to the lives of Shāfi'ī scholars with whom he had personal contacts. The copyist has added a short biography of the author.

Beginning:

الحمد لله مدبر الا مور... و بعد فهذا مختصر لطائف قصدت به ترجمة الأيمة من اصحابنا الشافعية المتاخرين و اعنى بهم من ادركتهم و اجتمت بهم من العلماء البارعين لا أترحم الا من تأخرت وفاته الى هذا القرن التاسع اللح

Brockelmann Suppl. ii 31.

(2) Foll. 90-137. $8'' \times 5.8''$ (6.6" \times 3 9"); 29 lines; rather coarse Egyptian naskh; rubrications; dated Ramadān 1115/ January 1704. [Arab.]

ذيل لواقح الأنوار

DHAIL LAWĀQIH AL-ANWĀR

A supplement, written in 961/1554, by Abū 'l-Mawāhib 'Abd al-Wahhāb b. Aḥmad al-Sha'rānī, the great Egyptian mystic (d. 973/1565), to his own biographical dictionary of Ṣūfī saints. In this supplement, which is given on the flyleaf the alternative title al-Ṭabaqāt al-ṣughrā, the author recounts the lives of men with whom he had been personally acquainted: the work is divided into 3 chapters.

Beginning:

Brockelmann Suppl. ii. 466.

H. Kh. v 340 11206.

(3) Foll. 140-187. $8'' \times 5.8''$ (6.3" $\times 4.1"$); 25 lines; same hand as (1), but more cursive; late 18th century. [Arab.]

لطائف المنة في فوائد خدمة السنة

LATĂ'IF AL-MINNAH FĪ FAWĀ'ID KHIDMAT AL-SUNNAH

Biographies of his own teachers and ancestors, by Abū 'l-Ma'ālī Muḥammad b. 'Abd al-Raḥmān al-'Āmirī al-Dimashqī, a descendant at seven removes of Ibn al-Ghazzī, the author of Bahjat al-nāzirīn described above, who was born (fol. 152b) on 18 Sha'bān 1096/20 July 1685. The work is planned in 8 chapters, but the present copy, apparently unique, contains only the first two. The author gives a lengthy autobiography (foll. 152b-158a), which is however incomplete, foll. 158b-163a being left blank to mark the lacuna.

Beginning:

Not mentioned in Brockelmann.

الحمد قد ذى الآلاء و المنن ... اما بعد فيقول ... محمد ابو المعالى بن عبد الرحمن ابى الفضل زين الدين ... هذا ثبت اذكر فيه مروياتى ومشايخى و تراجمهم و تراجم من اجتمعت به من علماء بلدتنا دمشق الشأم و غيرها الع

Fol. 141b الباب الاول في ذكر نسبي وتراجم من وقفت على ترجمته من سلفى Fol. 163b الباب الثاني في تراجم إبائي في الدين الذين هم مشايخي الأعلام

A. J. Arberry.